



Nutrition | Brain | Cognition

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# Learning & Brain Development

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# Outline

1. Learning & Cognition
2. Brain development: Building brain connections
3. Myelination: Making connections fast & efficient

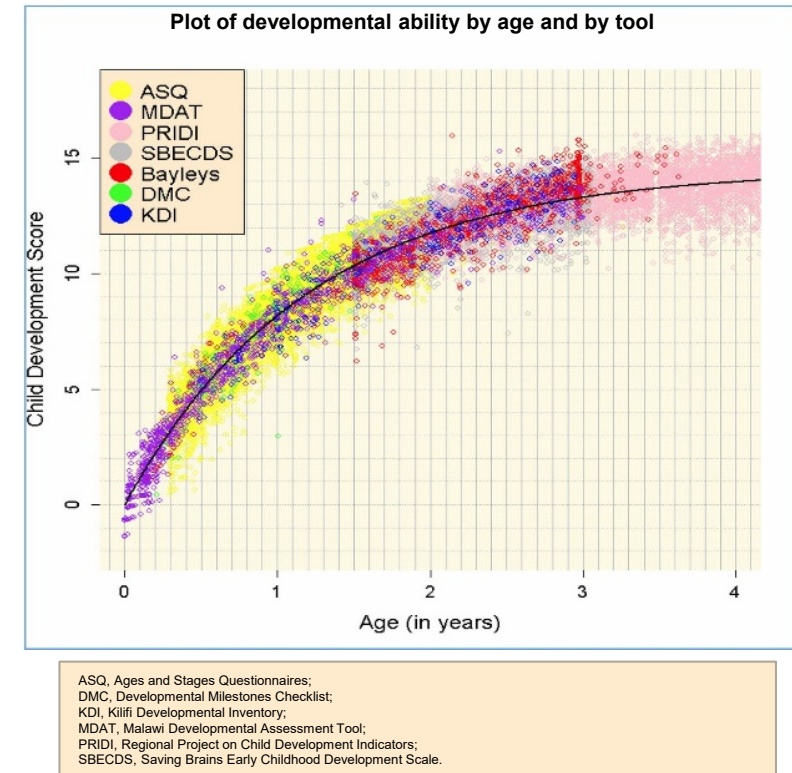
# Learning is about acquiring abilities & knowledge

## Changes in performance, behavior or knowledge

- It is a developmental process (see graph) with ...
- Adaptations by using information from past experiences, refining them and making predictions of the future

## It depends on mental processes of thinking & understanding (= cognition);

- It Perception, including visual perception
- Language
- Memory
- Executive Functions
- Attention
- Motor

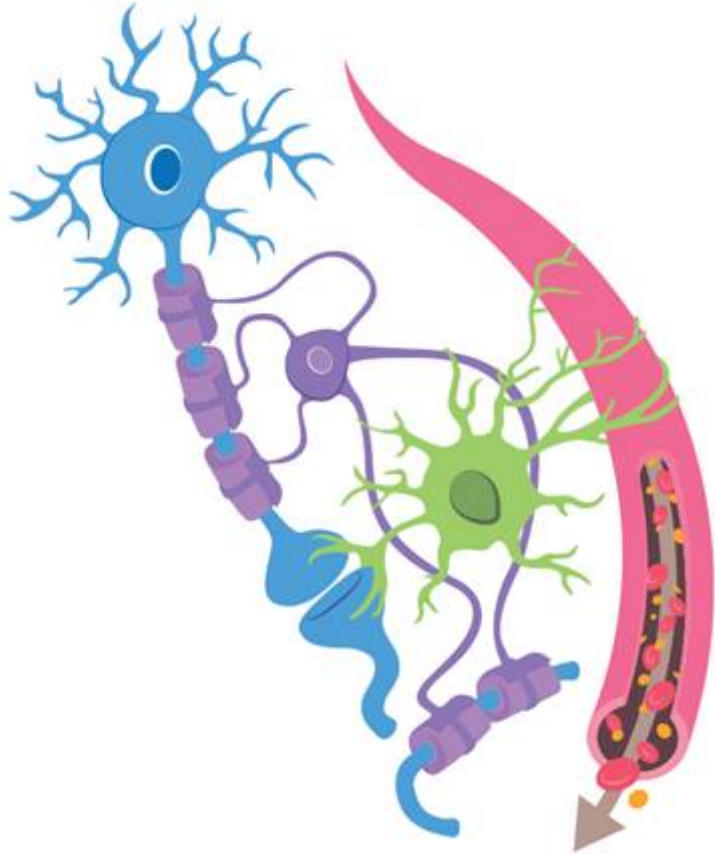


# Learning is influenced by brain development & maturity

**Children learn in different ways & learning differences may be related to, e.g.;**

- Genetics,
- Temperament;
- Environment, including nutrition
- Age, and
- Level of development and brain maturity, including vision & visual processing

# Brain development: the brain is more than neurons



## 80 - 100 billions neurons<sup>1</sup>

- **Neuron:** information transmission and processing

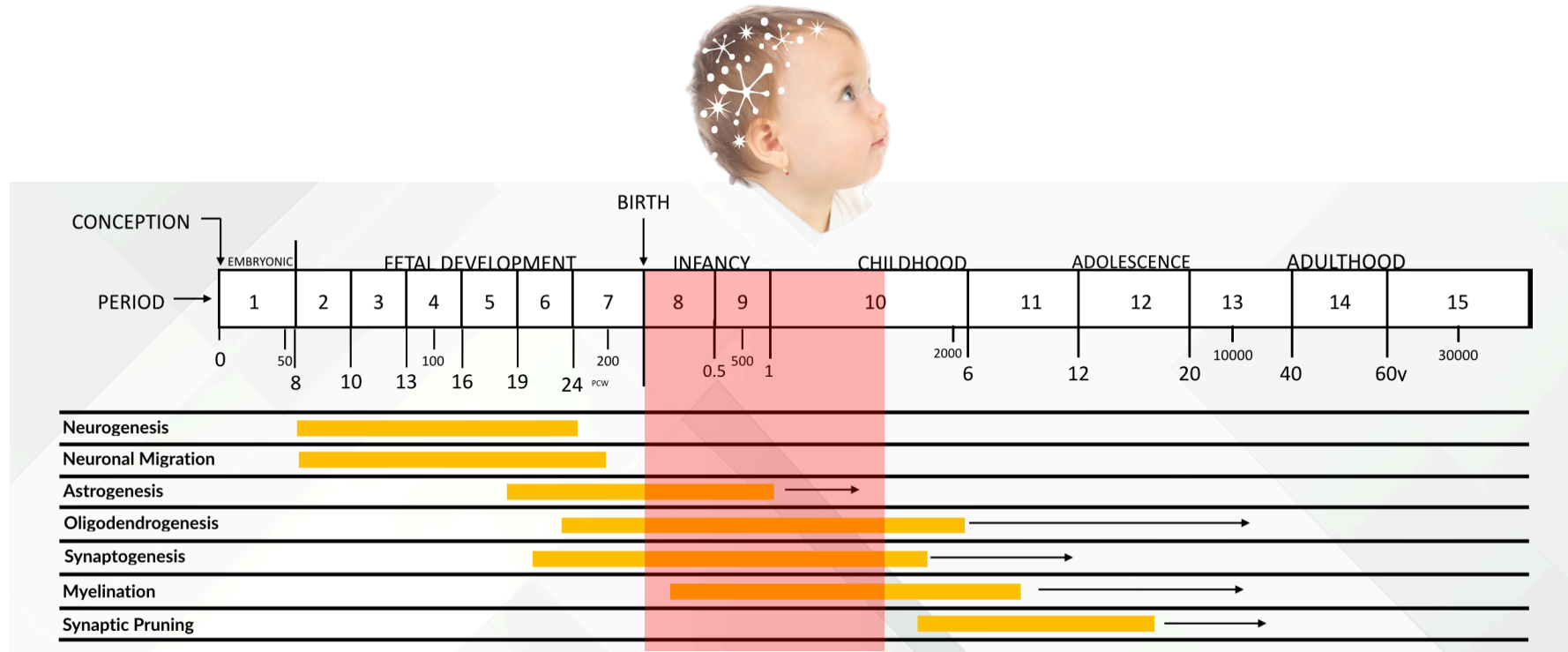
## 100 billions non-neuronal cells

- **Astrocyte:** supports BBB, brain energy, damage repair
- **Oligodendrocyte:** myelination
- **Endothelial cell/Pericyte:** blood vessels linings, tissue growth
- **Microglia (*not shown*):** primary immune cells of the brain

1. Wong A, et al. *Front Neuroengineering* 2013;6:1–22  
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# After birth, the brain growth in size & in complexity

Neurons get connected for fast & efficient information processing





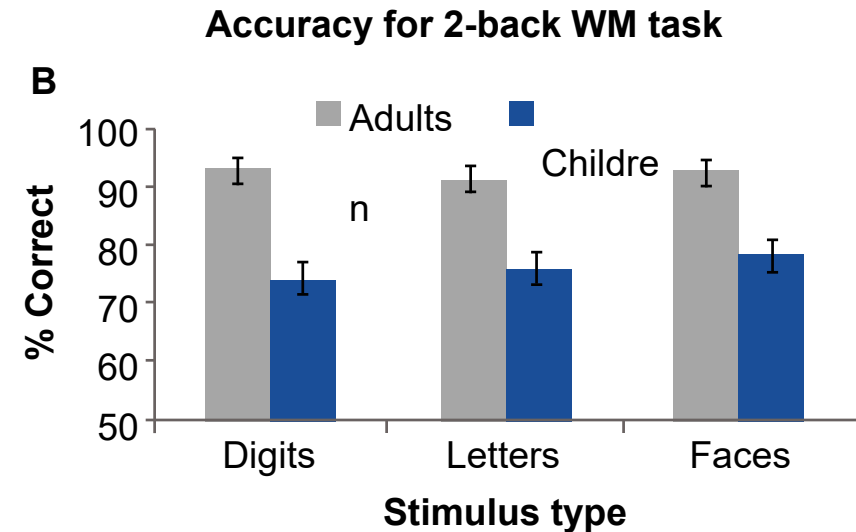
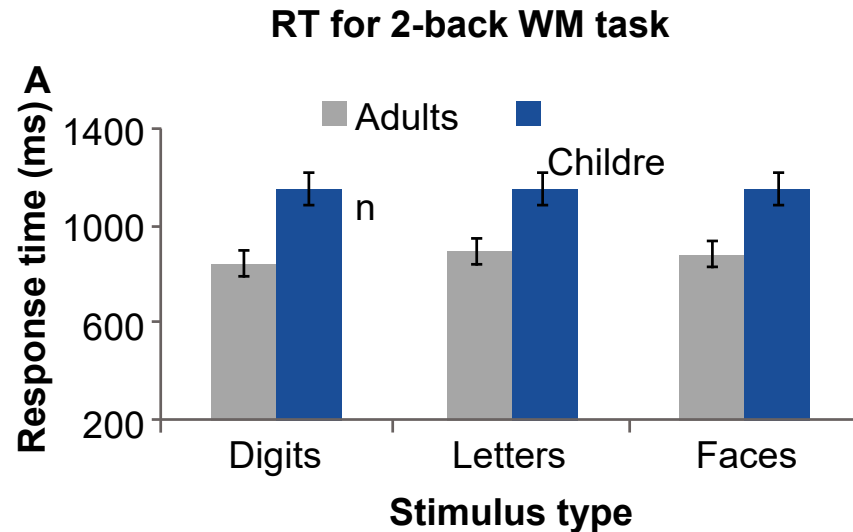
# After birth, the brain growth in size & in complexity

Neurons get connected for fast & efficient information processing



# Information processing is still slower and less accurate in children than in adults<sup>1</sup>

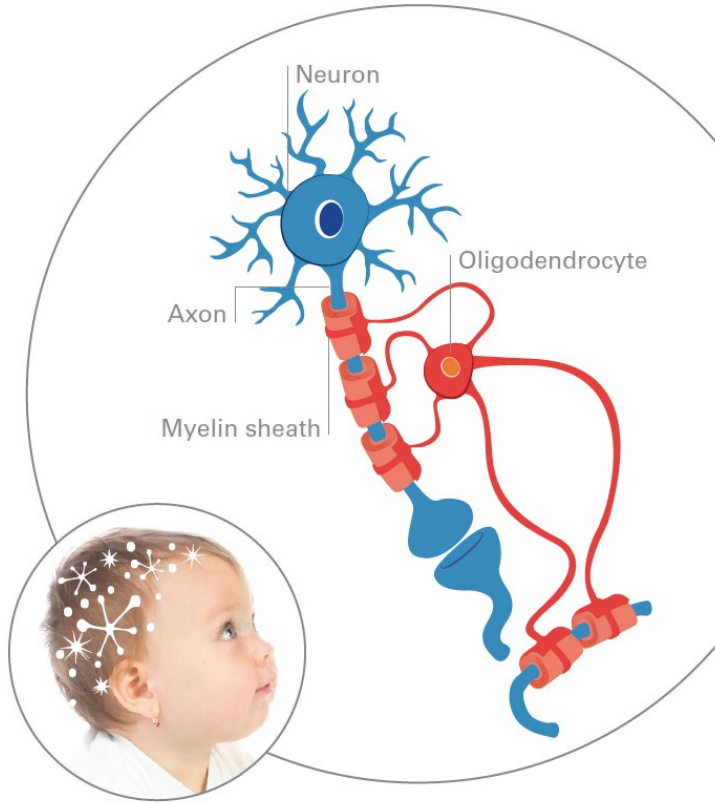
8-yr-olds (N=15) vs adults (N=15)



**Behavioral results: Adults were significantly faster (A) and made significantly fewer errors (B) than children; Error bars reflect standard errors.**



# Myelination facilitates information processing



## Myelination is a hallmark of neurodevelopment

Wrapping of nerve fibers (axons) with a lipid-rich sheath

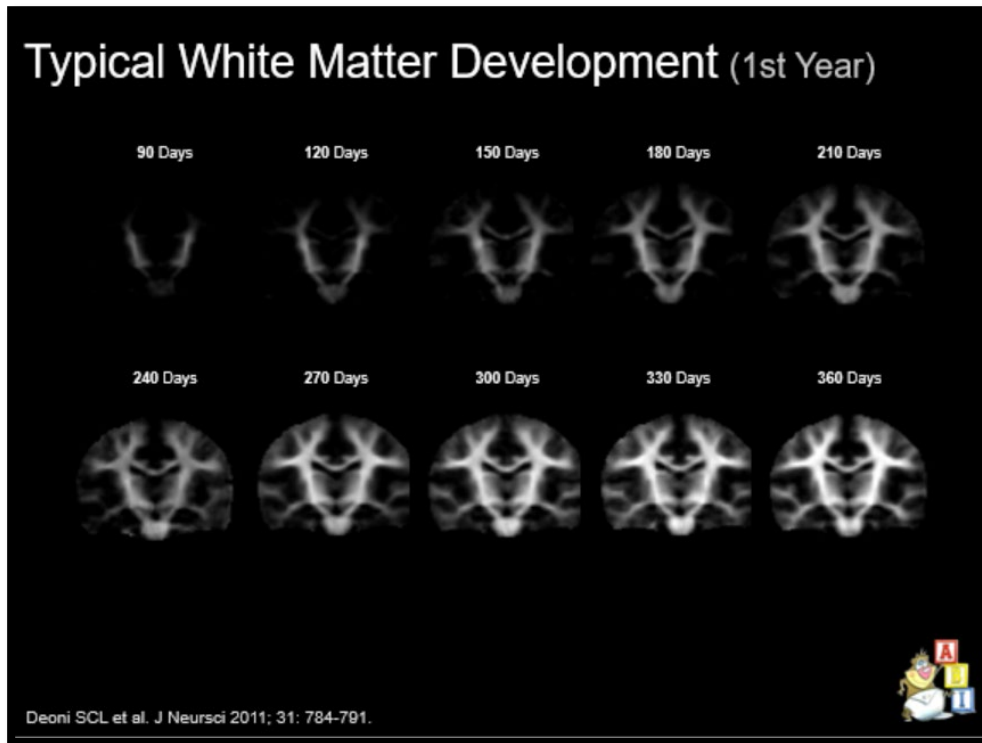
Ensures fast, efficient & synchronized communication between cells and networks

- Velocity of unmyelinated axon<sup>1</sup>: 5m/sec
- Velocity of myelinated axon<sup>1</sup>: 100 m/sec

Matures alongside cognitive and behavioral development

1. Koeppen & Stanton 2008  
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# Myelination starts in utero and follows a specific developmental pattern into adolescence



# Human clinical studies show a link between myelination and cognitive abilities:

- General cognitive ability<sup>1</sup>
- Language<sup>2</sup> & reading<sup>3</sup>
- Working memory<sup>4</sup>
- Processing speed<sup>5</sup>
- Sensory reactivity<sup>6</sup>



→ Important skills for learning

1. Schmithorst et al., 2005; Deoni et al., 2014; 2. Büchel et al., 2004; Catani et al., 2007; O'Muircheartaigh et al., 2013;  
3. Nagy et al., 2004; Beaulieu et al., 2005; 4. Nagy et al., 2004; Short et al., 2013; 5. Turken et al., 2008; Bartzokis et al., 2010; Lu et al., 2013; 6. Weinstein et al., 2014  
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# Key Messages

- Child learning is influenced by brain development & maturation
- Important postnatal brain development processes are linked to establishing brain connections and networks
- One of those processes is myelination, the coating of axons with lipid-rich myelin sheaths
- Myelination facilitates signal transduction between cells and thus supports fast, efficient and synchronized brain communication
- This is important for cognitive performance and learning

A doctor in a white coat with a stethoscope, holding a smartphone and a pen, with a network overlay.

THANK YOU